## 45.101

## Subpart 45.1—General

## 45.101 Definitions.

(a) Contractor-acquired property, as used in this part, means property acquired or otherwise provided by the contractor for performing a contract and to which the Government has title.

Government-furnished property, as used in this part, means property in the possession of, or directly acquired by, the Government and subsequently made available to the contractor.

Government property means all property owned by or leased to the Government or acquired by the Government under the terms of the contract. It includes both Government-furnished property and contractor-acquired property as defined in this section.

Plant equipment, as used in this part, means personal property of a capital nature (including equipment, machine tools, test equipment, furniture, vehicles, and accessory and auxiliary items) for use in manufacturing supplies, in performing services, or for any administrative or general plant purpose. It does not include special tooling or special test equipment.

*Property,* as used in this part, means all property, both real and personal. It includes facilities, material, special tooling, special test equipment, and

agency-peculiar property.

Real property, as used in this part, means land and rights in land, ground improvements, utility distribution systems, and buildings and other structures. It does not include foundations and other work necessary for installing special tooling, special test equipment, or plant equipment.

Special test equipment, as used in this part, means either single or multipurpose integrated test units engineered, designed, fabricated, or modified to accomplish special purpose testing in performing a contract. It consists of items or assemblies of equipment, including standard or general purpose items or components, that are interconnected and interdependent so as to become a new functional entity for special testing purposes. It does not include material, special tooling, facilities (except foundations and similar improvements necessary for installing special test equipment), and plant

equipment items used for general plant testing purposes.

Special tooling, as used in this part, means jigs, dies, fixtures, molds, patterns, taps, gauges, other equipment and manufacturing aids, all components of these items, and replacement of these items, which are of such a specialized nature that without substantial modification or alteration their use is limited to the development or production of particular supplies or parts thereof or to the performance of particular services. It does not include material, special test equipment, facilities (except foundations and similar improvements necessary for installing special tooling), general or special machine tools, or similar capital items.

(b) Additional definitions also applying throughout this part appear in those subparts where the terms are most frequently used.

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## 45.102 Policy.

Contractors are ordinarily required to furnish all property necessary to perform Government contracts. However, if contractors possess Government property, agencies shall—

- (a) Eliminate to the maximum practical extent any competitive advantage that might arise from using such property;
- (b) Require contractors to use Government property to the maximum practical extent in performing Government contracts;
- (c) Permit the property to be used only when authorized;
- (d) Charge appropriate rentals when the property is authorized for use on other than a rent-free basis;
- (e) Require contractors to be responsible and accountable for, and keep the Government's official records of Government property in their possession or control (but see 45.105);
- (f) Require contractors to review and provide justification for retaining Government property not currently in use; and
- (g) Ensure maximum practical reutilization of contractor inventory (see 45.601) within the Government.